



Les ambitions, l'organisation de **CLEAN SKY**

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Content

- Clean Sky
 - ACARE
 - Organisation
- Lien avec programmes nationaux
- Clean Sky à mi parcours
- Les partenaires (CfP)
- Clean Sky 2



Unique Public-Private-Partnership in Aeronautics



A Joint Technological Initiative

Stemming from ACARE agenda

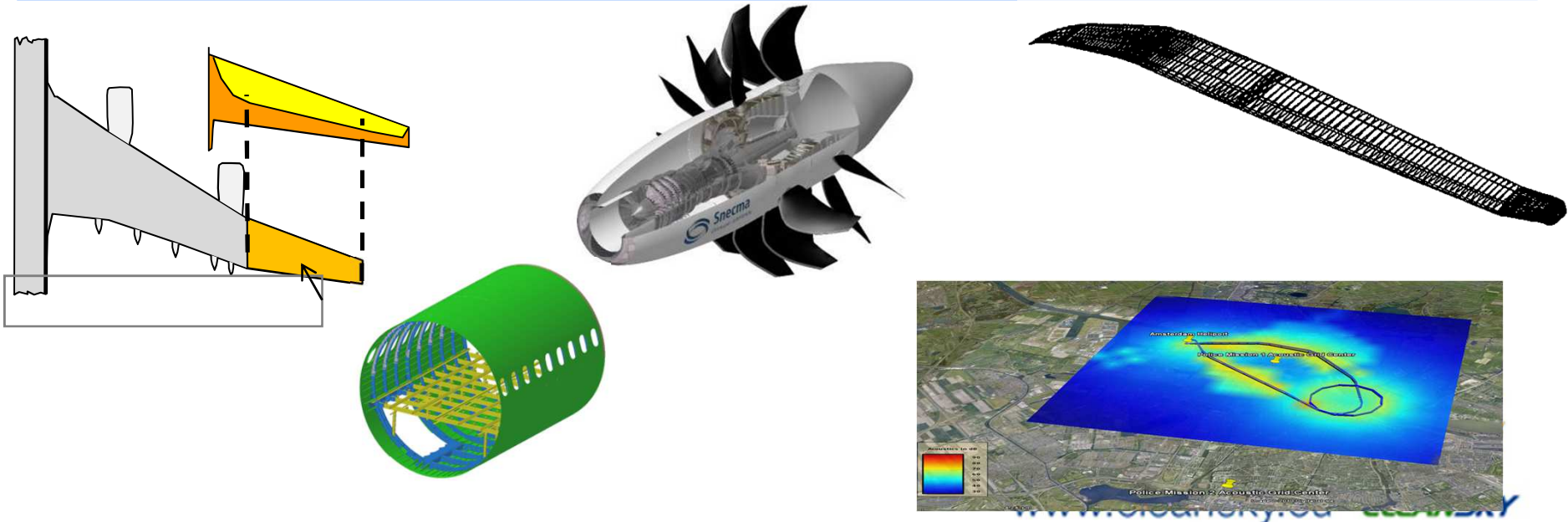


Europe's largest Aeronautics Research Programme ever

- Environmental objectives stemming from ACARE SRA (2020)
- €1.6B value, split 50/50 between the Commission (cash) and Clean Sky members and partners (in kind)
- Started February 2008; running up to 2017
- Downstream research up to TRL6: integrated demonstrators
- Industry-led

Technology streams

- Aerodynamics
- Advanced Materials and structures
- Propulsion
- On-board energy
- Trajectory



Clean Sky Technologies meeting ACARE goals

ACARE GOALS

Technology Domains

50%CO₂
80% NO_x

Reduced fuel
consumption
(CO₂ & NO_x
reduction)



- Power plant
- Loads & Flow Control
- New Aircraft Configurations
- Low weight
- Aircraft Energy Management
- Mission & Trajectory Management

50%
noise

External noise
reduction



- Power Plant
- Mission & Trajectory Management
- Configurations
- Rotorcraft Noise Reduction

Green
design..

"Ecolonomic"
life cycle



- Aircraft Life Cycle

Big Technical Challenges

Reduce perceived external noise by

- 50% by 2020
- 65% by 2050



Reduce NO_x emissions by

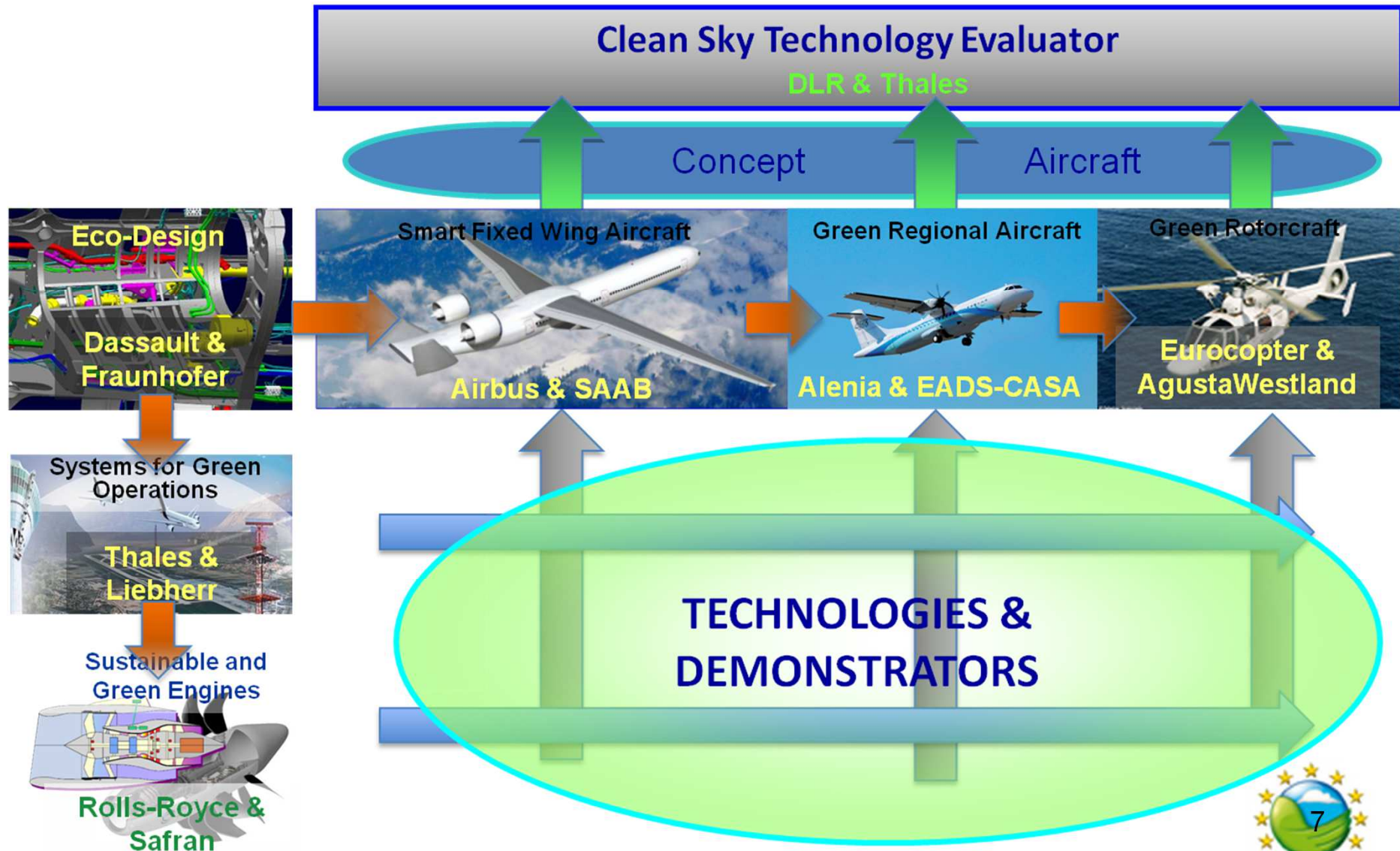
- 80% by 2020
- 90% by 2050

Reduce fuel consumption and CO₂ emissions by

- 50% by 2020
- 75% by 2050

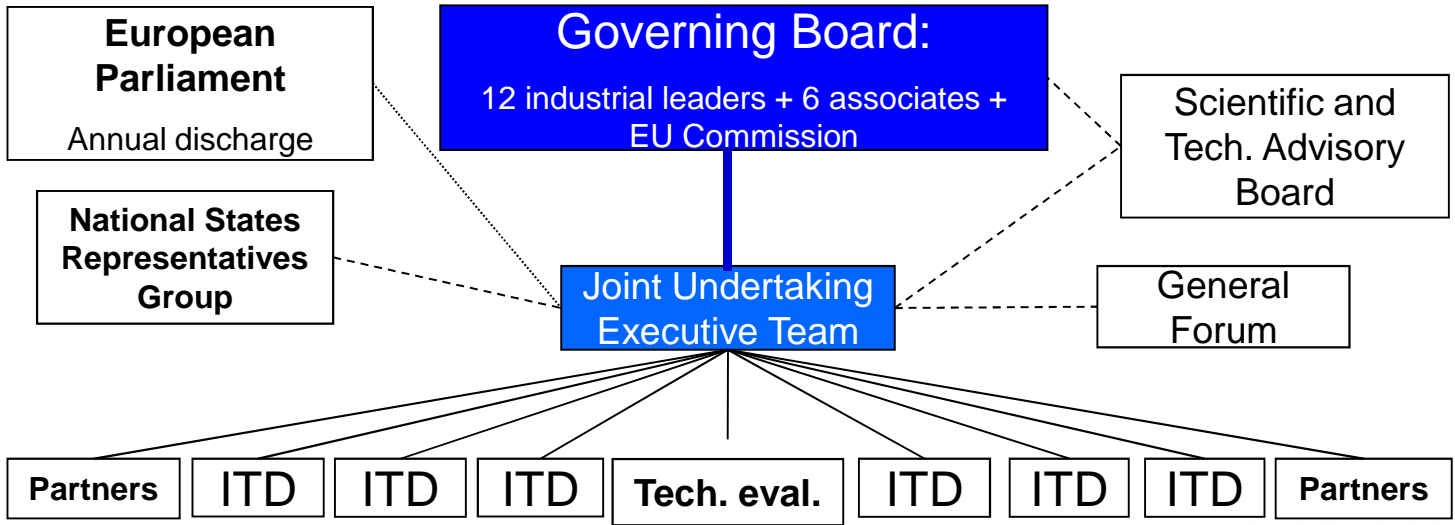
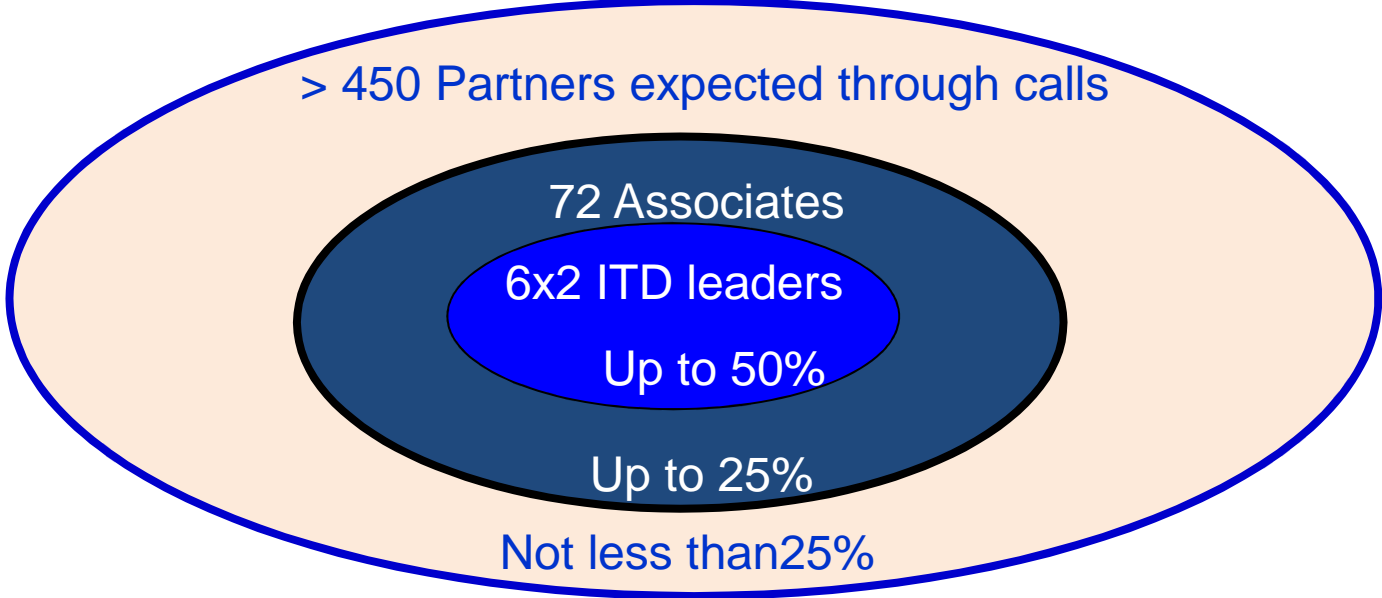
Vision 2020 and **Flightpath 2050** targets are for new aircraft and whole industry relative to 2000

Integrated Program Structure



Clean Sky involves a broad and open participation

~540 participants
(members+partners)
to date



Clean Sky pour les nuls

Clean Sky c'est:

- 1600 millions €
- 6 domaines technologiques
- 10 concepts d'aéronefs
- 20 grands demonstrateurs (et beaucoup de petits)
- 100 clé technologies
- 500 participants (compagnies, organisation de recherche, universités)

Et

- 30% réduction moyenne de CO2 et bruit



National and European activities are consistent and complementary



Like our left and right hands, both are similar but different, yet both are needed, are complementary and follow the same objectives. European and National Aviation RTDI are also both needed. They follow the same Strategic Research Agenda (ACARE) and respond to the same ambitious objectives (FlightPath2050, ACARE SRIA). They are different, consistent and complementary by nature :

- The Aeronautics RTD led at European level in Framework programmes are essential activities which benefit from the mass effect and the added-value of wide European cooperation, potentially tapping some untapped capacities and exploiting win-win situations, contributing to the overall massive effort necessary for the Industry to demonstrate new promising technologies along the ACARE goals.

- Aeronautics RTD activities conducted at Nat'l (or Reg'l) level are complementary to the European ones (FP) : they also are essential, follow the ACARE Goals and consist in projects priority breakthrough technology which help to foster the competitiveness of national stakeholders, which are of confidential nature and can't be shared at the large European level (EU27+Associated Countries...)

Eu-Nat-Reg. Coordination and coherence

Vision 'Flightpath2050' (March 2011)
+ ACARE SRIA (Sept 2012)

@ European Level

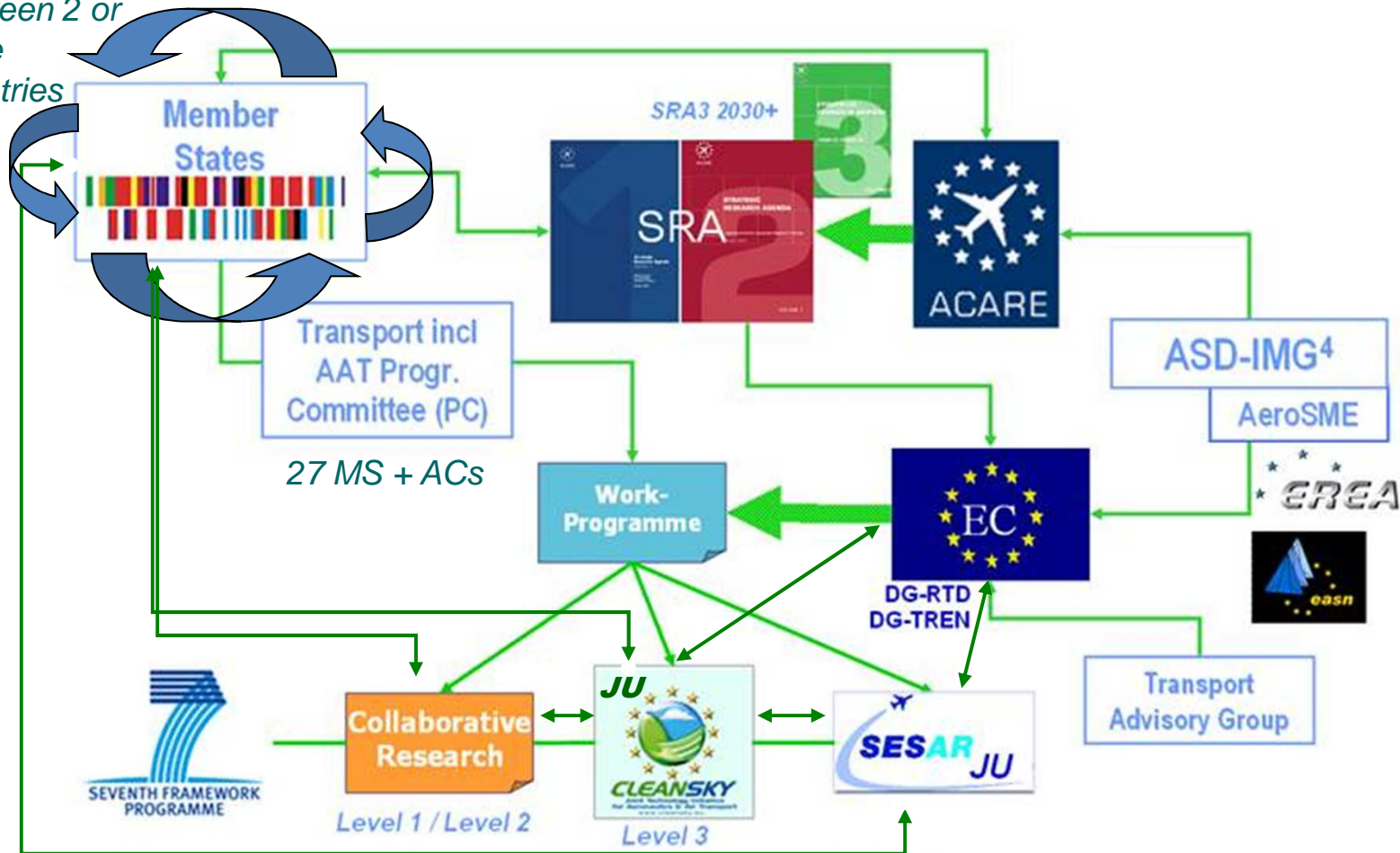


@ National & Reg. Level



Eu-Nat-Reg. Coordination, and coherence.

Coordination
between 2 or
more
countries

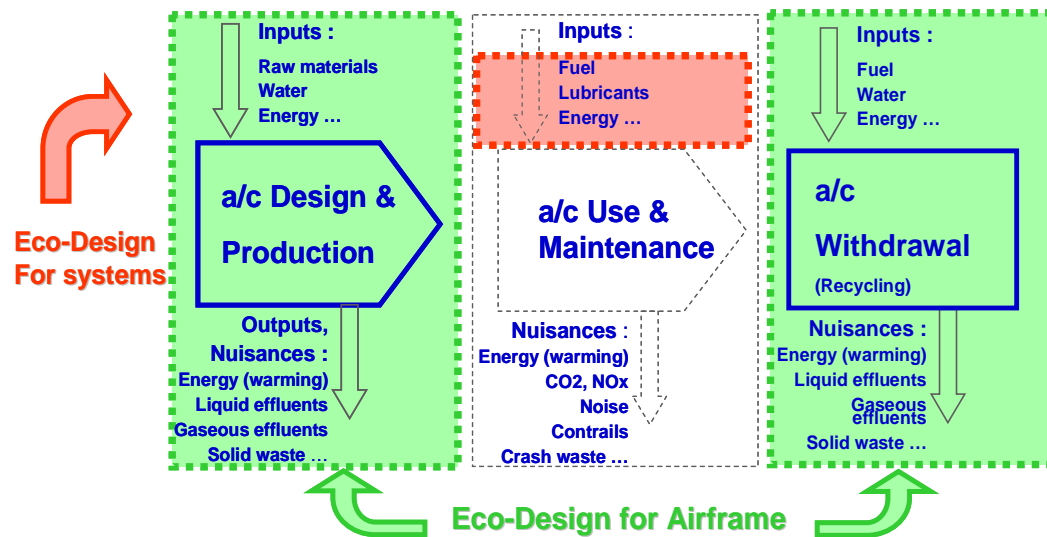


Main coordination links existing in Europe

Eco-Design ITD - Objectives and Contents

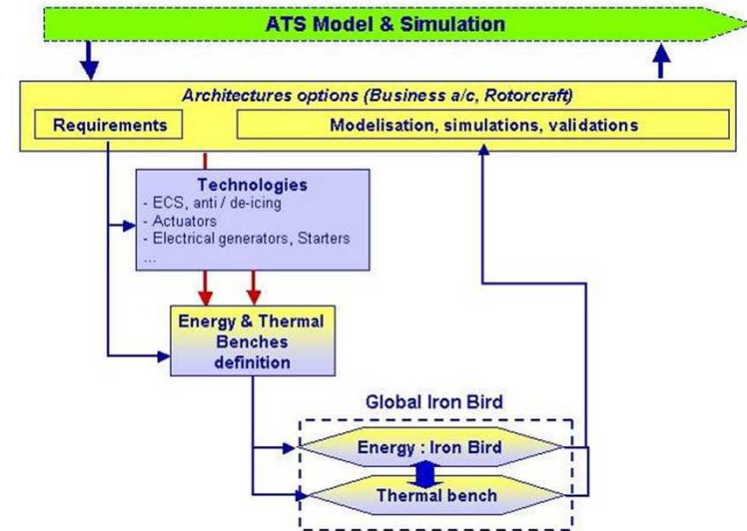
Eco-Design for Airframe (EDA) main objective

To design airframes for decreasing inputs, outputs and nuisances during A/C design & production and withdrawal phases



Eco-Design for Systems (EDS) main objective

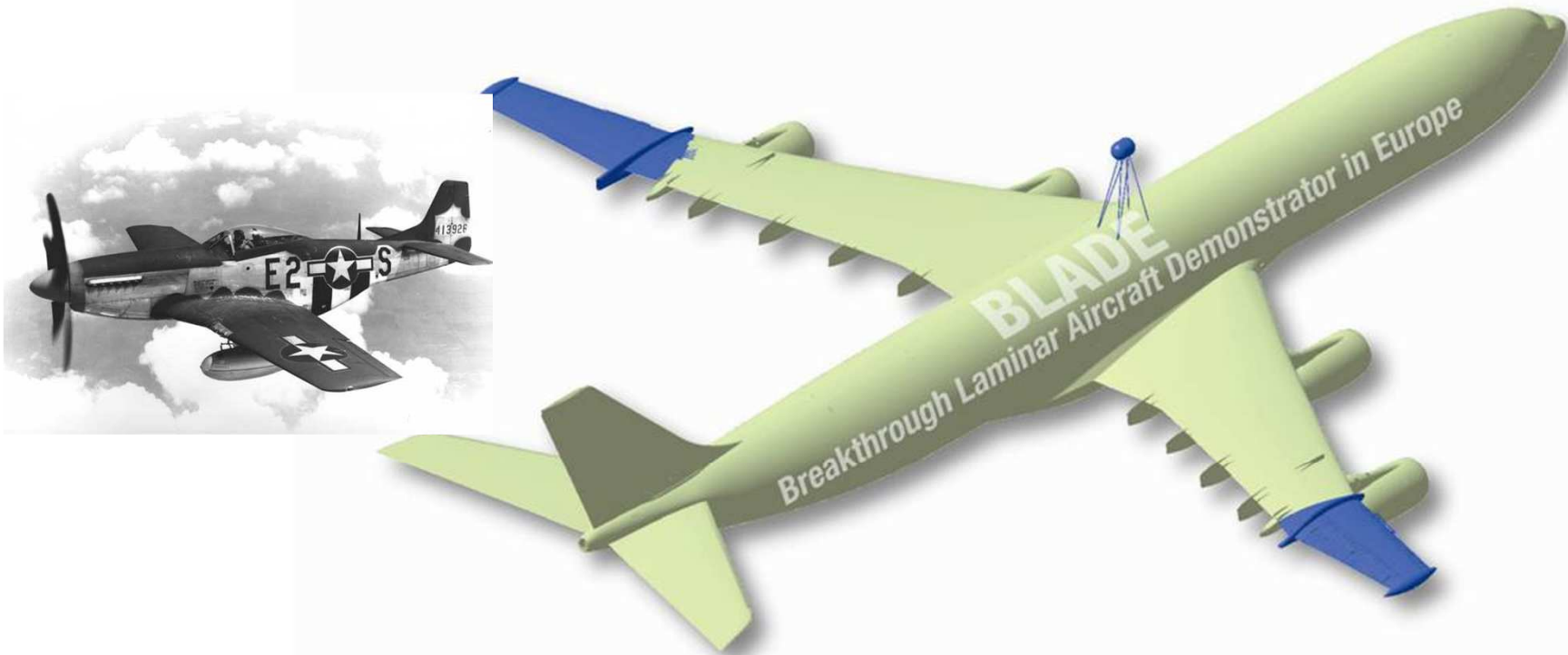
To design architectures of a/c systems, towards the more/all electrical a/c, with the objective of reducing use of non-renewable and noxious fluids/materials



Modelling



BLADE – Major Laminar Flow Demonstration



Aernnova, Airbus, Asco, Dassault, DLR, GKN, Incas, NLR, Onera, Saab



Natural Laminar Flow Wing Flying Testbed

- Advanced passive laminar flow wing aerodynamic design
- Two alternative integrated structural concepts for a laminar wing
- High quality, low tolerance manufacturing and repair techniques
- Anti contamination surface coating
- Shielding Kruger high lift device

Q4/2014

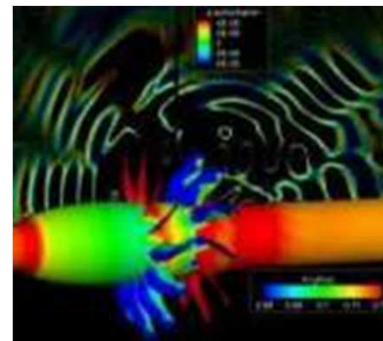
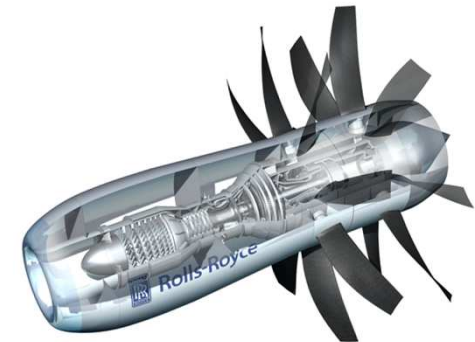
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Open rotor blade



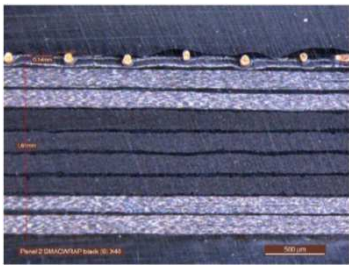
- About 1.3 m long
- 3D shape to decrease noise and propellers interaction
- 3D shape to improve load performance
- In composite to have a lighter powerplant system
- Anti icing capabilities



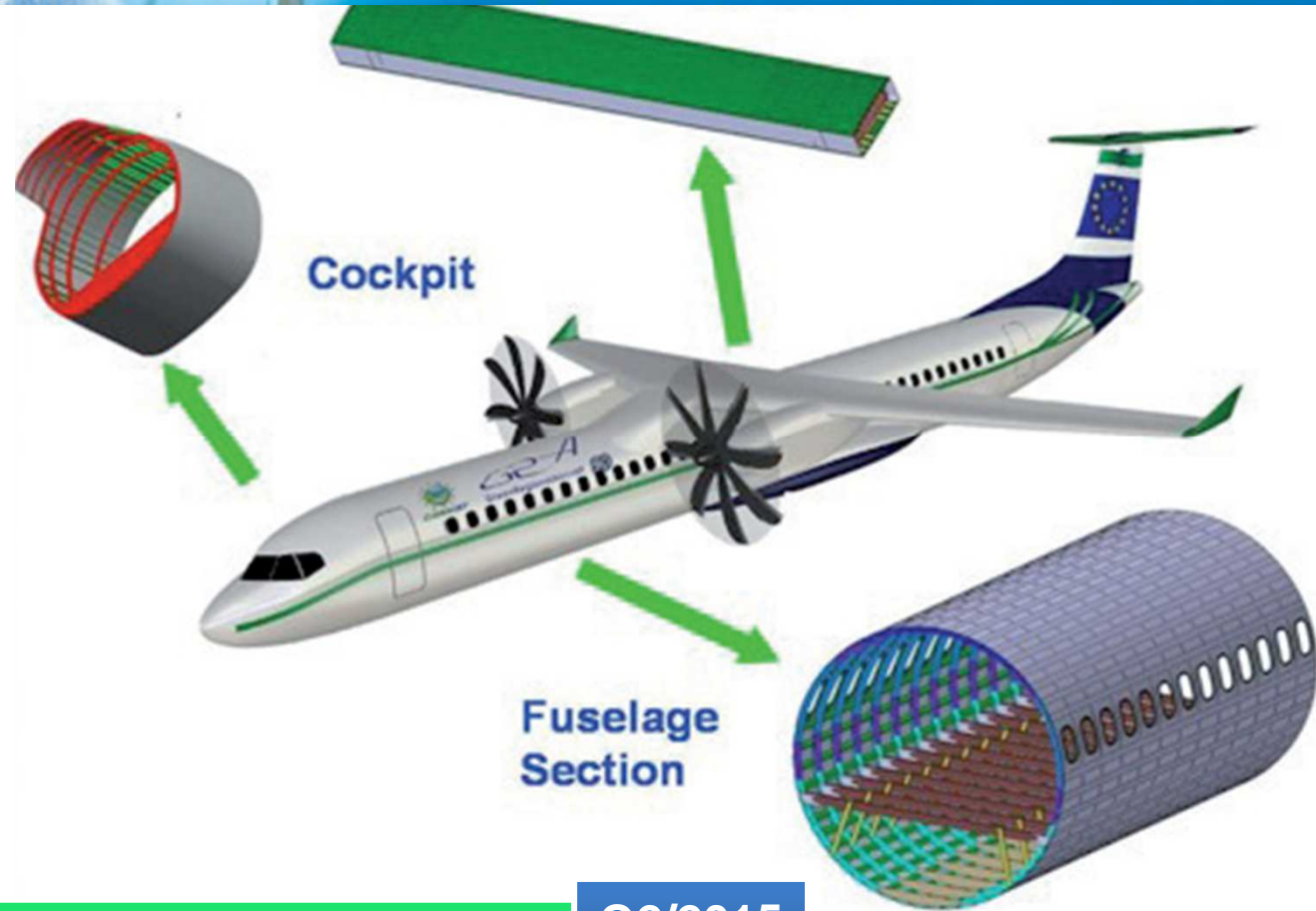
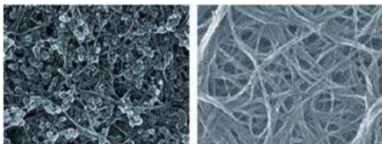
*Radiated Noise
From unsteady
computing
calculation*

Composite structures for regional aircraft

Multi-layer composite



Carbon nanotubes for conductivity



Next Generation Regional Aircraft:
Full-scale Static and Fatigue Testing

- Advanced Al-Li structures and processes
- Multi-functional composite materials

Q2/2015

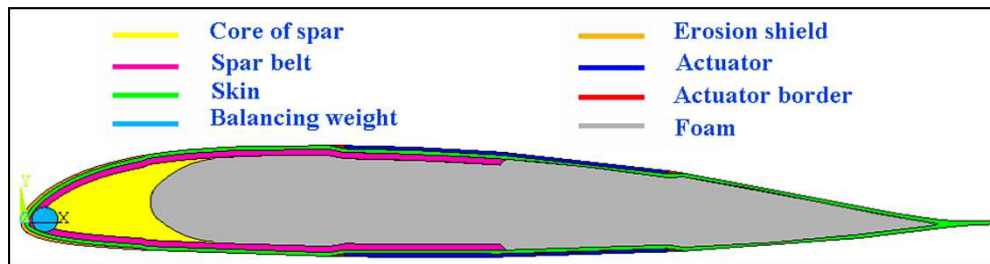
Rotorcraft morphing Blades

Objectives:

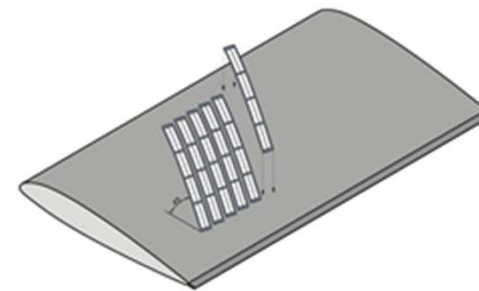
- a. reducing power consumption (i.e power requirement) by increasing lift during certain flight conditions
- b. decreasing perceived noise level mainly during take-off and landing

Technologies and solutions envisaged:

- ▶ Active Twist rotor system for power and noise reduction

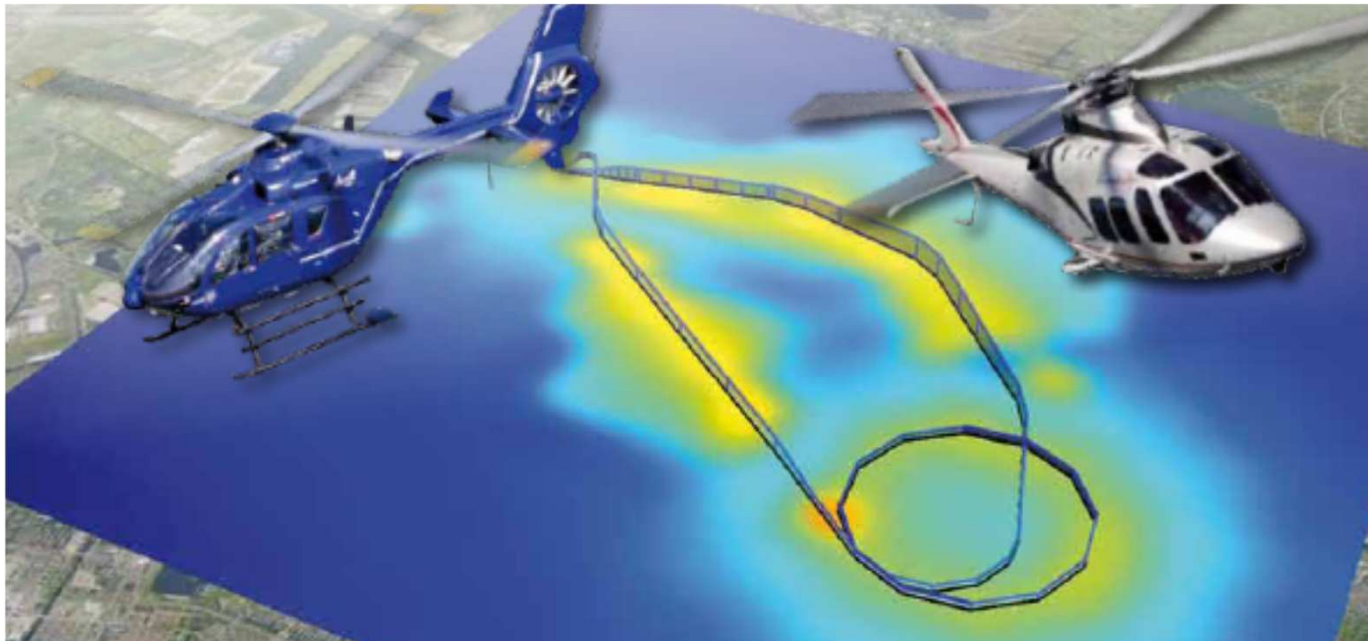


Active blade deformation e.g. active twist



multilayer piezo-composites arrays into an active rotor blade

Mission and Trajectory Management



Systems for flight path optimisation

- Rotorcraft
- Aircraft
- Underpinning and complementing SESAR

Q1/2015

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Technology Evaluator

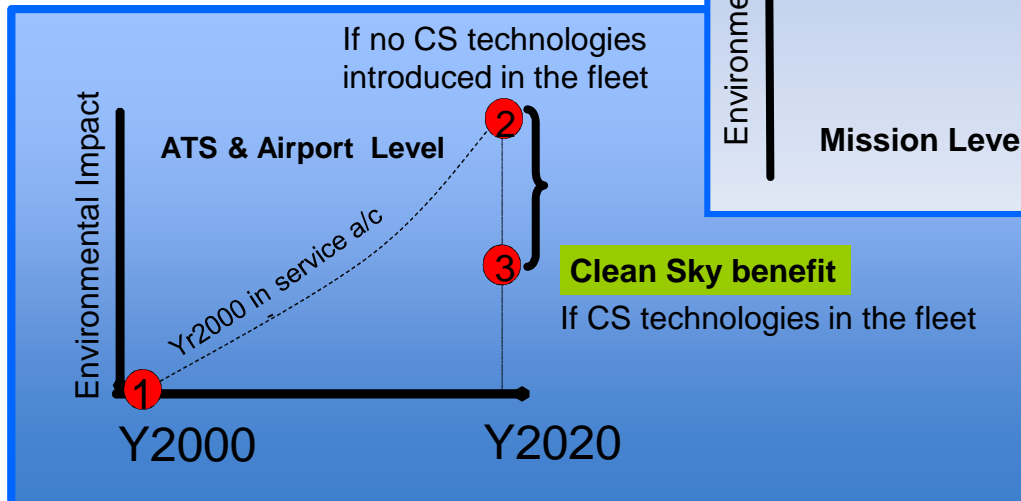
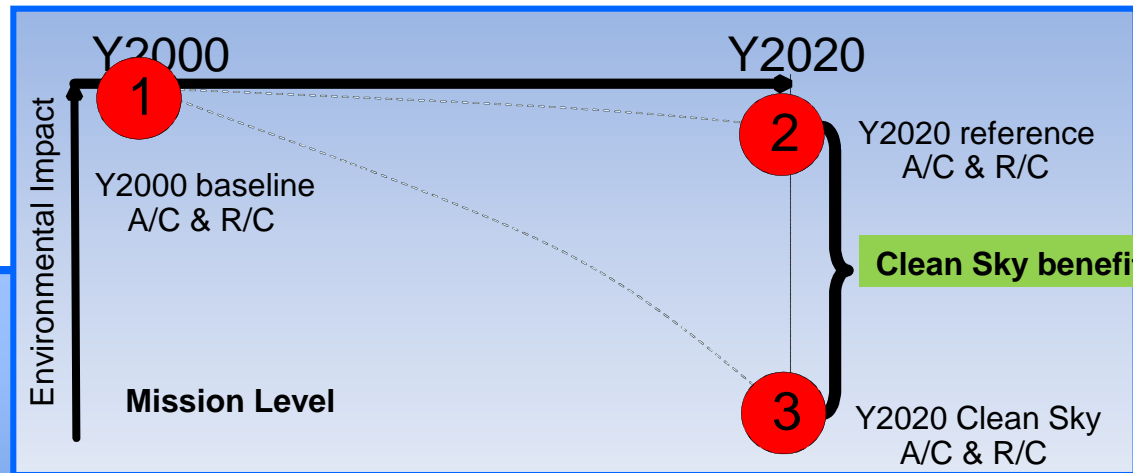
- Technology Evaluator : integrator of the outcomes of the different ITDs in order to provide an assessment of the actual environmental benefits
- TE is tasked to coordinate the revision of the targets set at the beginning of the program
- TE is also the focal point for the links with other programs or bodies like SESAR, EASA and Eurocontrol



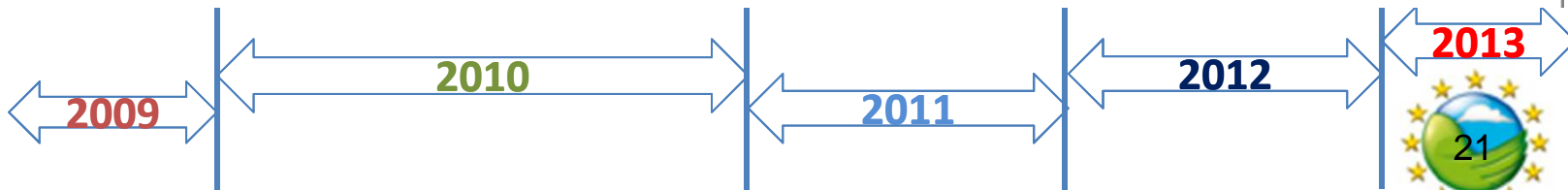
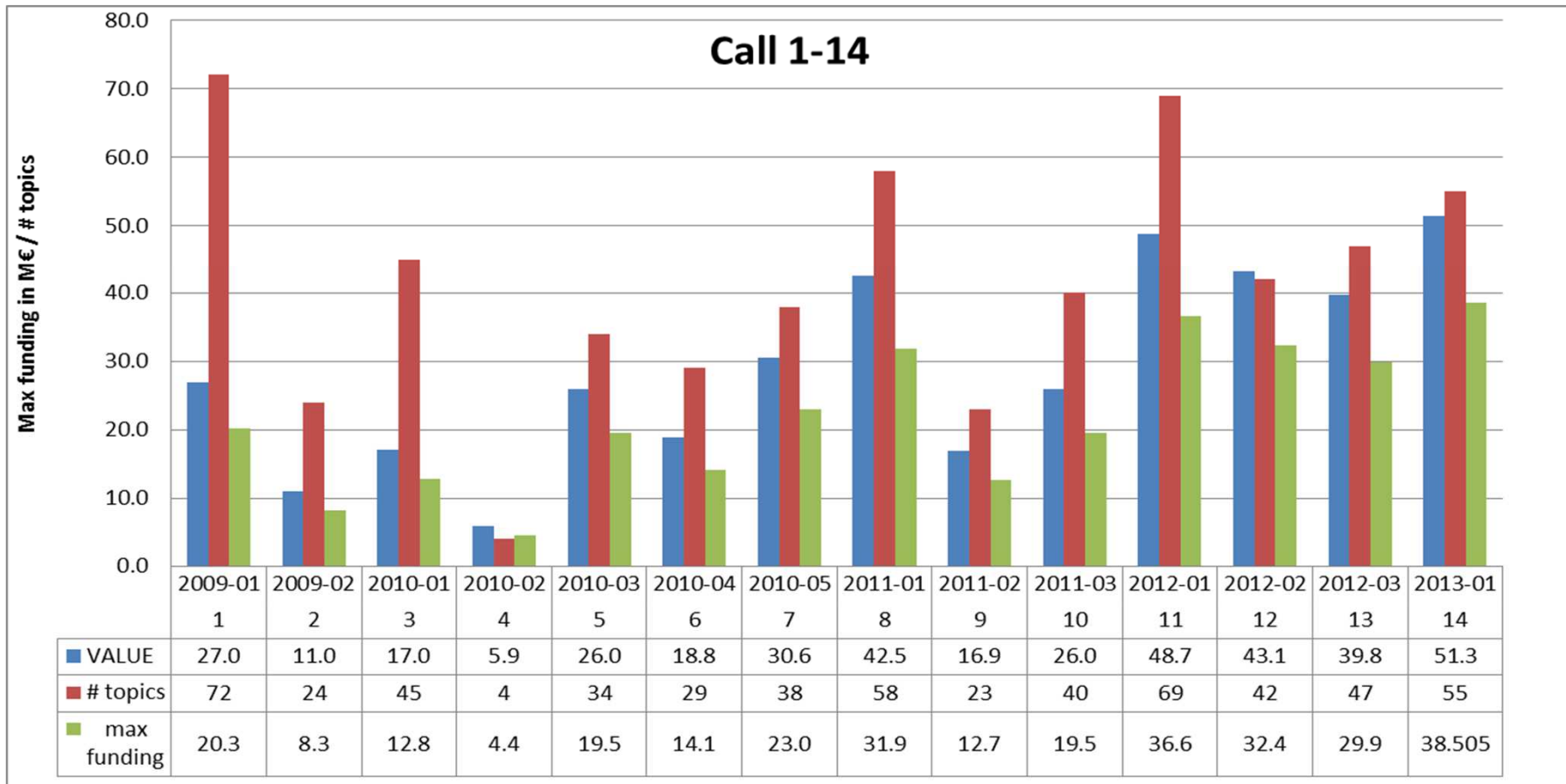
Concept Aircraft – enabling the TE to assess the Programme’s environmental benefits

Integrating the technologies and enabling the assessment

- at aircraft (mission) level
- at airport level
- at air transport system level

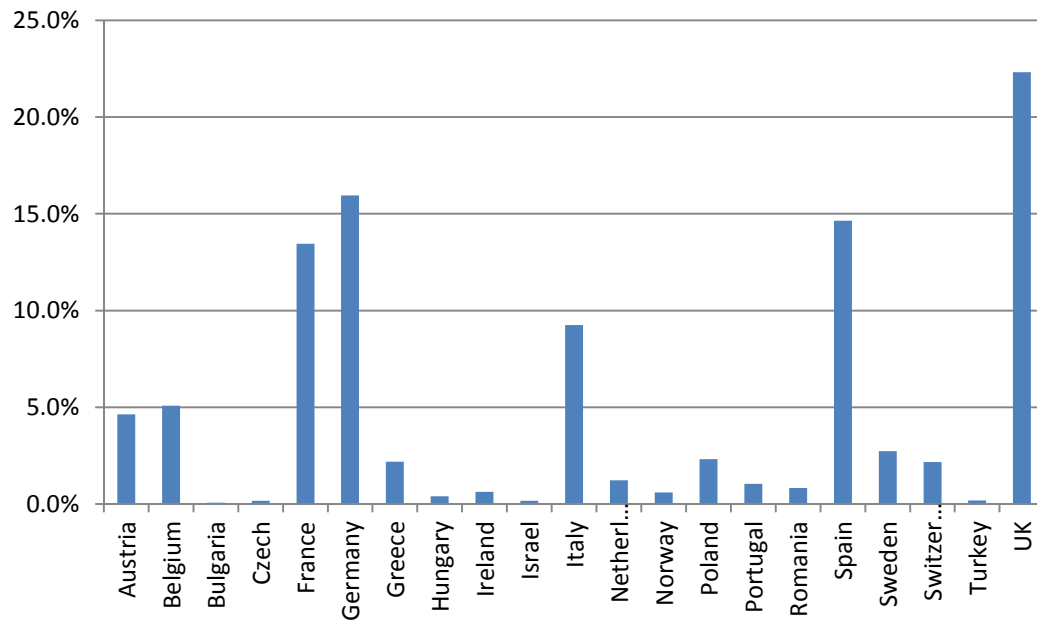


Clean Sky Calls statistics

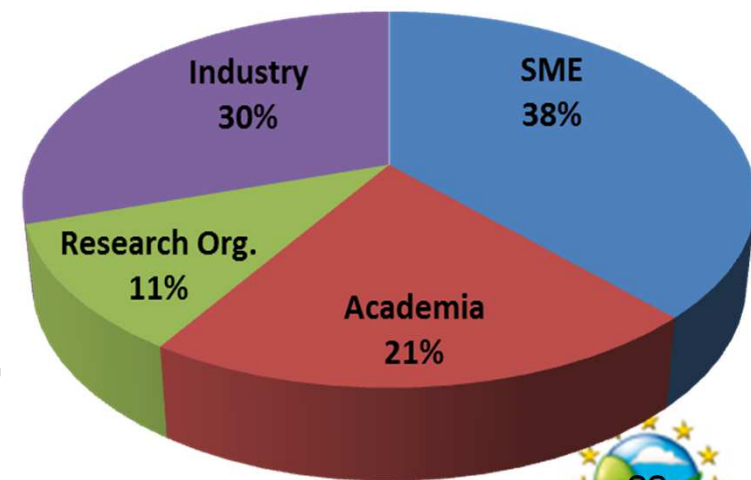


Clean Sky Calls for Proposals are successfully attracting SMEs and academia

- ✓ More than 400 topics
- ✓ > 30% success rate for applicants
- ✓ Average topic cost 500 K€
- ✓ > Towards 400 partners involved (i.e. towards 500 participants incl. Members)
- ✓ > 50% of newcomers, not involved in previous European programmes

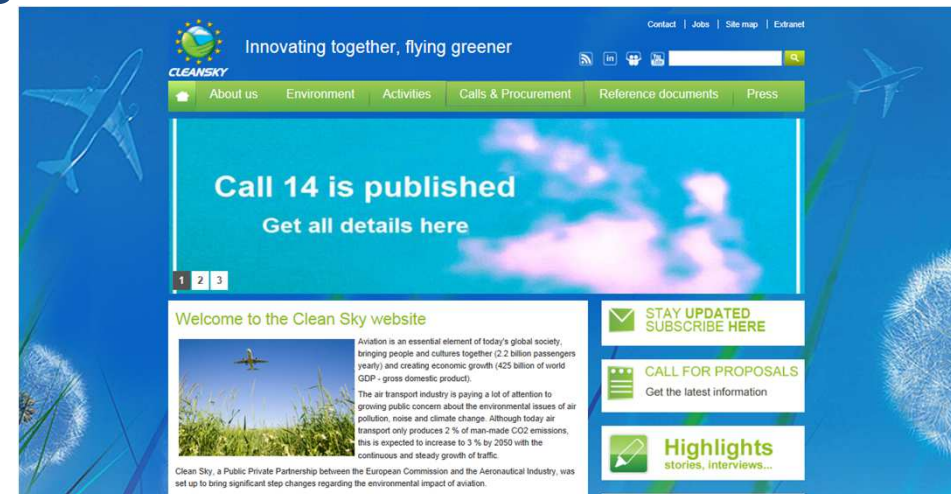


Funding distribution



Calls update

- **Call 14: publication 15 January 2013**
 - **deadline: 18 April 2013**
 - **Evaluation: week 20 (13-17 May 2013)**
 - **Negotiation Kick-off: 14 June 2013**

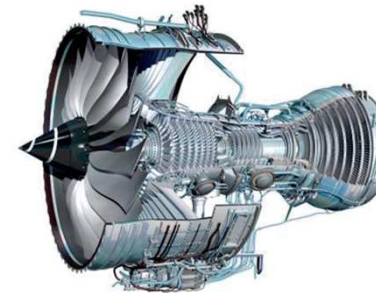


- **Call 15: publication 9 July 2013**
 - **deadline: 22 October 2013**
 - **Evaluation: week 48 (25-29 November 2013)**
 - **Negotiation Kick-off: December 2013 (TBC)**

2012: Clean Sky reaches half way, progressing well towards its objectives

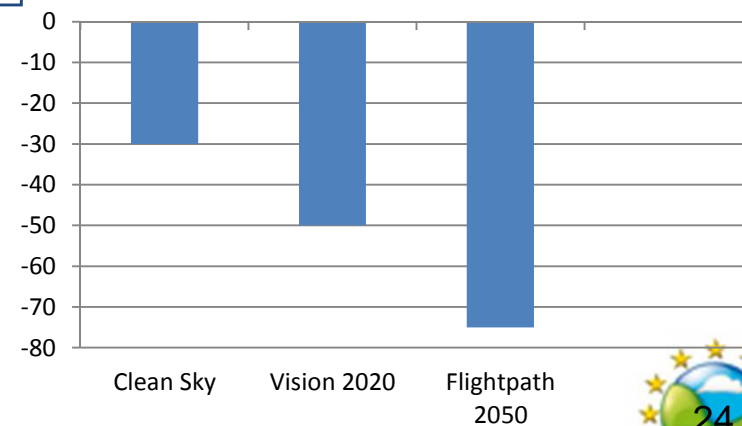
50% of the activities to completion have been executed in average, and 50% of the budget spent

*First engine demonstration have started (Large engine)
Turboshaft engine demonstration to start in February 2013*



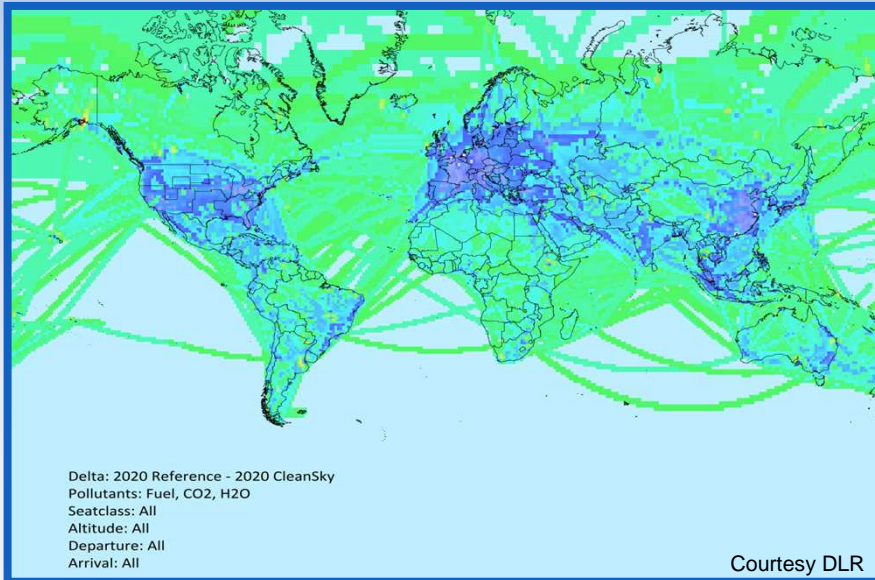
Roughly 80% of the Calls for Proposals budget already committed - last calls planned in 2013

First Technology Evaluator assessment completed: initial objectives confirmed
Clean Sky average targets are in the range of 30% of CO2 reduction / noise reduction

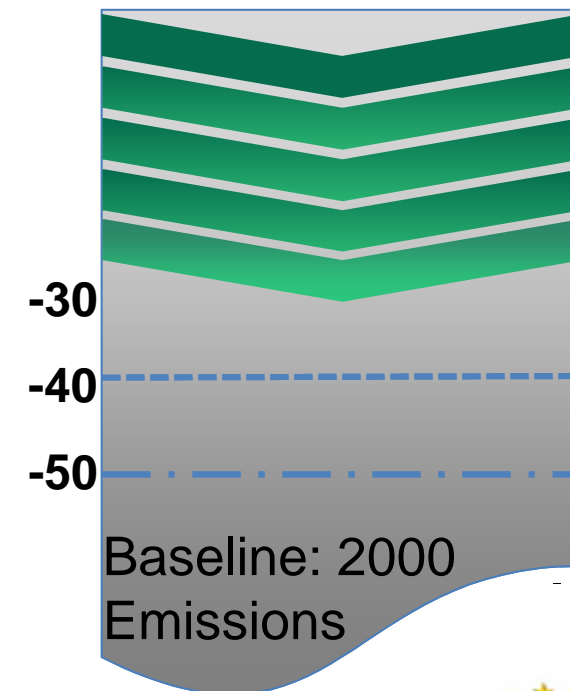


Overview of progress – the 1st TE evaluation

- Monitoring and reporting progress towards Environmental Goals
- 1st Assessment completed Feb 2012
- TE System in place and validated
- Clean Sky is 'on track'



**CO₂ Reduction Potential
2020 Clean Sky regional and
short/medium range aircraft.
(Improvement v. 2000 aircraft)**





Towards Clean Sky 2

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Beyond 2020: Renewed ACARE SRIA towards 2050 launched at ILA Berlin 12th September 2012

Providing a seamless & resilient air transport system

Maintaining & extending industrial leadership

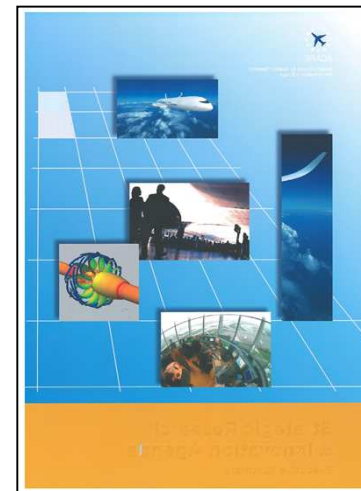
Protecting the environment & the energy supply

Ensuring safety & security

Prioritising research, testing capabilities & education

Flightpath 2050

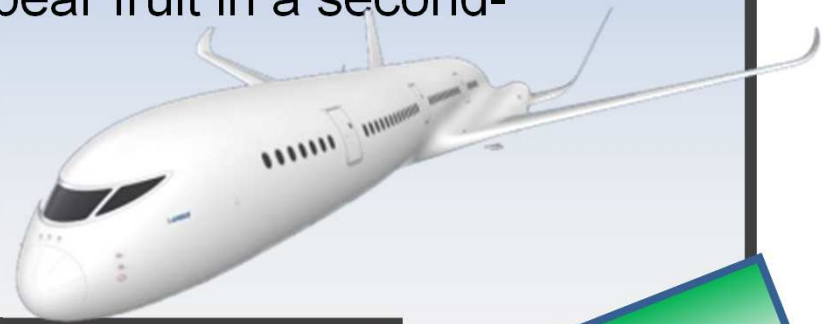
ACARE new *Strategic and Innovation Research Agenda*



The JTI concept is ready to address the European Union's Horizon 2020 challenges

Clean Sky: a demonstrator... and an investment:

- Robust, stable, flexible funding
- Bringing the public and the private sides together in a common understanding of objectives and issues
- Assessing its results through a dedicated, objective Technology Evaluator: a strong asset which should bear fruit in a second-generation JTI
- Complying with the public funding rules
- ... and many lessons learnt!



For the first time, almost all of the European Aeronautical industry is working together, addressing societal challenges and competitiveness

... and so: Clean Sky 2

Clean Sky 2: Getting higher in the technological integration

- Addressing the integration of breakthrough technologies for the a new generation of aircraft configuration
- **Overall aircraft integration**
- **Overall physical integration**
- **Overall systems integration**

Integrated Aircraft Demonstration Platforms, Integrated Technology Demonstrators

IADP

Vehicle
Platforms

Rotorcraft

Large Aircraft

Regional Aircraft

**ITD
Platforms**

Large
Systems

Airframe ITD

Engines ITD

Systems ITD

Technology evaluator

**Clean Sky 2 will “finish the job” of reaching ACARE 2020 objectives
AND start the journey to the 2050 objectives**

High-speed rotorcraft demonstrations

For increased mobility within global ATS, search & rescue, emergency transport...



Tilt-rotor



Compound

The ITDs will include technologies related to non-conventional aircraft architectures

The next Flightpath 2050 challenges will not be achievable through conventional architectures



Opportunities for subscale, in-flight demonstrations will be addressed



Merci de votre attention





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